	種類	指令
		VTY passwd
		Router(config)#line vty 0 4
		Router(config-line)#password password
		Router(config-line)#history size 35 (history buffer)
		Router(config-line)#exec time-out 60(六十秒不用就斷線)
		Router(config-line)#login
		使用 ACL 控制 VTY 連線
		Router (config)#access list 11 permit host 192.168.1.1
		Router(config)#line vty 0 4
		Switch(config-line)#access-class 11 in
		Console passwd
		Switch(config)#line console 0
		Switch(config-line)#password password
		Switch(config-line)#login
		Enable passwd
		Router(config)#enable password password
		Router(config)#enable secret password
		會在 show run 密碼加密
		Router(config)#service password-encryption(weak Cisco Type 7 encryption
	VTV&	method)
General	Console & on able nwd	建立帳號 會產生 local authentication database
	Console & chable pwu	Router(config)#username cm password ming
		Router (config)#line console 0
		Router (config-line)#login local
		使用 SSH 連線
		Router(config)#username cm password ming
		Router(config)#ip domain-name cisco.com
		Router(config)#crypto key generate rsa
		Router(config)#ip ssh version 2
		Router(config)#line vty 0 15
		Router(config-line)#login local
		Router(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh (只允許 telnet 連線到 vty)
		登入時顯示提示訊息
		Router(config)#banner motd # TEXT #
		Router(config)#banner login %TEXT %
		設定預設路由
		Router(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
		logging synchronous
		In order to keep the unsolicited output separate from your input, enter line
		configuration mode for the consoled port and add the logging synchronous
		command,
	Bookun &	R2#show version
	Dathup &	

Upgrade	R2#show flash
	下載新的 os
	R2#copy tftp flash
	指定下次開機檔案名稱,重新載入新的 os
	R2(config)#boot system flash:/c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin
	R2#copy running-config startup-config
	R2#reload
	備份檔案到 tftp server
	R2#copy flash tftp
	在 ROMMon 下設定 tftp IP
	rommon $7 > IP_ADDRESS=192.168.1.2$ (router ip)
	rommon 8 > IP_SUBNET_MASK=255.255.255.0
IOS image	rommon 9 > DEFAULT_GATEWAY=192.168.1.1
Recovery	rommon 10 > TFTP_SERVER=192.168.1.1(server ip)
	rommon 11 > TFTP_FILE=c1841-ipbasek9-mz.124-12.bin (iso filename)
	rommon 12 > tftpdnld(download)
	rommon 12 > reset(reload)
	Router Password Recovery:
	Step1: 強迫進入 ROMMon
	Press "Crtl+Break" on the terminal keyboard within 60 seconds of power up
	Step2: Bypass Startup configure
	rommon 1> confreg 0x2142
	rommon 2 > reset
	Step3: Access NVRAM configure file
	R1#copy startup-config running-config
	Step3: Reset Password
	R1(config)# enable secret cisco
	R1(config)#config-register 0x2102
	R1#copy running-config startup-config
Enable Password	Switch Password Recovery :
Recovery	Step1: 強迫進入 Flash 模式
	按下 switch 面板上的 mode 按鈕 會出現下列模式
	Switch:
	再執行 flash_init
	Step2: 更改 config.text 名稱
	Switch: rename flash:config.text flash:config.text.old
	載入 os
	Switch:boot
	Step3:複製 config.text.old config.text
	Switch#copy flash:config.text system:running-config
	修改密碼後 存到 startup 重新開機
	Switch#ccopy running-config startup-config

		Switch#reload
		關閉 DNS name resolution
		no ip domain-lookup
		殺掉 startup-config
		#erase nvram: or #erase startup-config
		default settings for Terminal Configuration
		Bits Per Second = 9600
		Data Bits = 8
		Parity = None
		Stop Bits $= 1$
		Flow Control = None
		啓動 vlan
		(config)#vlan 20
		(config-vlan)#name student
		(config)#interface fa0/18
		(config-if)#switchport mode access
		(config-if)#switchport access vlan 20
		啓動 trunk
		(config)#interface fa0/1
		(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
		取消 vlan
		(config)#interface fa0/18
		(config-if)#no switchport access vlan
		刪除 vlan
		#no vlan 20
Switch	Vlan	#delete flash:vlan.dat
		查看 vlan
		#show vlan brief
		#show vlan summary
		#show vlan vlan 20
		#show interface vlan 20
		#show interface trunk
		#show interface fa0/1 switchport
		啓動 port security
		S1-Central(config-if)#switchport mode access(一定要 access mode)
		S1-Central(config-if)#switchport port-security
		S1-Central(config-if)#switchport port-security mac-address 0000.0c9b.d2d8
		S1-Central(config-if)#switchport port-security mac-address sticky
		S1-Central(config-if)# switchport port-security violation shutdown
		S1-Central#show port-security int fa0/24
		啓動 VTP
	ИТЪ	(config)#vtp mode server
	VIr	(config)#vtp domain cisco

		(config)#vtp version
		(config)#vtp password xxxx
		Reset Revisiom number(更改 domain 名稱後 再更改回來)
		(config)#vtp domain tesd
		(config)#vtp domain cisco
		查看 VTP
		#show vtp status
		啓動 pruning
		(config)# vtp pruning
		變更 switch 優先權(用來決定選舉 root bridge)
		(config)#spanning-tree vlan 1 priority xxxxx
		(config)#spanning-tree vlan 1 root primary(second)
		變更 port cost(用來決定最佳路徑到 root, root port)
		(config)#interface fa0/1
		(config-if)#spanng-tree cost 24
		Pathcost 一樣時 比較 port priority
		(config-if)#spanng-tree port-priority 124
		同一個 segment 的倆個 designate port,比較各自 switch BID, BID 小的為
	SPT	designate port, 另外則為 non-designate port
		更換 spaning-tree 版本
		S1(config)#spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
		查看 Spannig-Tree
		#show spanning-tree
		#show spanning-tree summary
		啓動 portfast
		(config)#interface fa0/1
		(config-if)#spanng-tree portfast
		#show run (查看 portfast)
		在 switch 端中 fa0/5 接到 router fa0/1,此 port 設定 trunk
		S1(config-if)#interface fa0/5
		S1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
		在 router 端中 fa0/1 設定 subinterface 來對定兩各 vlan
	Router-on-a –Stick(In	R1(config)#interface fa0/1.10
	ter-Valn Rrouting)	R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 10(vlan id)
		R1(config-subif)#ip address 172.17.10.1 255.255.255.0
		R1(config-subif)#interface fa0/1.30
		R1(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q 30
		R1(config-subif)#ip address 172.17.30.1 255.255.255.0
		啓動 RIP1
Router		(config)# router rip
NULLI	RIP	(config-router)# network 172.16.1.16
		將此路由器的 default route 傳出

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		(config-router)#default-information originate
		查看 RIP
		#show ip protocols
		除錯
		#debug ip rip
		#undebug all
		停止 fa0/0 送出 update 訊息
		(config)# router rip
		(config-if)# passive-interface fa0/0
	停止某各網段位置 (config-if)# no network 192.168.4.0	停止某各網段位置
		(config-if)# no network 192.168.4.0
		限制傳送與接收的版本
		Router1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/0 (Rip 傳送介面)
		Router1(config-if)# ip rip send version $<1 2 12>$
		Router1(config-if)# ip rip receive version $<1 2 1 2>$
		停止 rip
		(config)#no router rip
-		啓動 RIP2
		R(config) = router rip
		R(config-router)#version 2
		R(config-router)# version 2 R(config-router)# network 172 16 1 16
		加密值没
		加田時之 Router1(config)#key chain OPA
		Router1(config)#Rey chain OKA
		Router1(config-keychain/#Key 1
	Router1(config-keychain-key)#key- Router1(config-keychain-key)#exit	Router1(config-keychain-key)#key-string ofenny
		Router1(config-keycham-key)#exit
		Router1(config)#Interface FastEtherniet0/0 (Rip 傳达)[面)
	DIDA	Router1(config-if)#ip rip authentication key-chain ORA
	RIP2	Router1(config-if)#ip rip authentication mode text(or md5)
		Router1(config-if)#exit
		Router1(config)#end
		手動 summarization
		R3(config)#interface serial0/0/0
	R3(config-if)#ip sum	R3(config-if)#ip summary-address rip 192.168.0.0 255.255.252.0
	更新路由協定的 AD 值 R(config-router)#distance 200(內部) 100(外部) 更新靜態路由的 AD 值 R(config)#ip route 192.168.0.0 255.255.255.0 s0/0 200	 更新路由協定的 AD 值
		R(config-router)#distance 200(内部) 100(外部)
		 更新靜態路由的 AD 値
		R(config)#ip route 192.168 0 0 255 255 255 0 s0/0 200
-		容動 EIGRP
		$R_1(config)$ #router eigrn 1
	EIGRP	$R1(config_router)$ # network 102 168 10 / 0.0.0.3(wildcord)
		Recomig-router/// network 172.100.10.4 0.0.0.5(wildcald)

	R1(config-router)# network 192.168.11.1 0.0.0.0(只有這個界面參予 eigrp)
	設定頻寬
	R3(config)#interface serial0/0/1
	R1(config-if)#bandwidth 1024
	設定傳送佔用頻寬比
	Router1(config)#interface Serial0.1
	Router1(config-subif)#ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 55 40 (最高使用 40%)
	修改 hello 的傳送時間
	Router1(config)#interface Serial0.1
	Router1(config-subif)#ip hello-interval eigrp 55 3
	Router1(config-subif)#ip hold-time eigrp 55 9
	Add loopback addresses
	R3(config)#interface loopback1
	R3(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
	將此路由器的 default route 傳出
	Redistribute static or ip default-network
	EIGRP 不支援 default-information originate
	關閉自動 summarization
	R1(config)#router eigrp 1
	R1(config-router)#no auto-summary
	手動 summarization
	R3(config)#interface serial0/0/0
	R3(config-if)#ip summary-address eigrp 1 192.168.0.0 255.255.252.0
	設定爲末端路由
	R1(config-router)# eigrp stub
	router# show ip eigrp neighbor detail
	過濾從 Serial0/0 進來的路由資訊
	Router2(config)#access-list 34 deny 192.168.30.0
	Router2(config)#access-list 34 permit any
	Router2(config)#router eigrp 55
	Router2(config-router)#distribute-list 34 in Serial0/0
	加密傳送
	設定鎖的名稱

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		Router1(config)#key chain ORA
		設定開鎖的第一把鑰匙
		Router1(config-keychain)#key 1
		Router1(config-keychain-key)#key-string rocket
		設定可以開鎖的時間
		Router1(config-keychain-key)#accept-lifetime 00:00:00 Jan 1 1993
		00:15:00 Nov 1 2006
		Router1(config-keychain-key)#send-lifetime 00:00:00 Jan 1 1993 00:00:00
		Nov 1 2006
		設定開鎖的第二把鑰匙
		Router1(config-keychain-key)#key 2
		Router1(config-keychain-key)#key-string martian
		設定那個介面要使用
		Router1(config)#interface Serial0/1
		Router1(config-if)#ip authentication mode eigrp 55 md5
		Router1(config-if)#ip authentication key-chain eigrp 55 ORA
		啓動 ospf
		(config)# router ospf 1
		(config-router)#network 172.16.1.16 0.0.0.15 area 0
		查看 ospf
		#show ip protocols
		#show ip ospf neighbor
		#show ip ospf database
		#show ip ospf interface serial 0/0/0
		用 lookback 設定 router ID
		(config)#interface lookback 0
		(config-if)#ip add 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.255
		直接設定 router ID
		R1(config)#router ospf 1
	OSDE	R1(config-router)#router-id 10.4.4.4
	USI F	改變ospf priority
		Router(config-if)#ip ospf priority
		DR and BDR election:
		1. compare with each router interface priority
		2. compare with each router-id
		將此路由器的 default route 傳出
		(config-router)#default-information originate
		重新啓動OSPF
		R1# clear ip ospf process
		改變 Metric 值
		(config)#interface serial 0/0
		(config-if)#bandwidth 64
		(config-if)#ip ospf cost 144

		一般加密傳送
		RTA(config)#router ospf 1
		RTA(config-router)#area 0 authentication
		RTA(config-router)#exit
		RTA(config)#int s0/1/0
		RTA(config-if)#ip ospf authentication-key cisco (cisco:passwd)
		Md5 加密傳送
		RTA(config)#router ospf 1
		RTA(config-router)#area 0 authentication message-digest
		RTA(config-router)#exit
		RTA(config)#int s0/1/0
		RTA(config-if)#ip ospf message-digest-key 10 md5 cisco (10: key-id,
		cisco:passwd)
		啓動 NAT SERVCIE
		設定那些內部 IP 要使用 Internet
		R2(config)#ip access-list standard R2NAT
		R2(config-std-nacl)# permit 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255
		R2(config-std-nacl)# permit 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255
		R2(config-std-nacl)# permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
		設定可用合法 IP 範圍
		R2(config)#ip nat pool R2POOL 209.165.202.128 209.165.202.130 netmask
		255.255.255.252
		設定 static Nat
	NAT OF DACIE	R2(config)#ip nat inside source static 192.168.20.254 209.165.202.131
	NAT SERVCIE	對應內部 IP 與合法 IP
		R2(config)#ip nat inside source list R2NAT pool R2POOL overload
		對內的 Interface 設定 inside
		R2(config-if)#int s0/0/1
		R2(config-if)#ip nat inside
		對外的 Interface 設定 outside
		R2(config-if)#int s0/1/0
		R2(config-if)#ip nat outside
		查看 NAT 狀況
		R2#show ip nat statistics
		R2#show ip nat translationis
		啓動 DHCP Service
		排除不被分配的 IP
		R1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.1 192.168.10.9
	DUCD Comico	
	DHCF SCIVICE	設定要分配的 IP 範圍
	R1(config)#ip dhcp pool R1 R1(dhcp-config)#network 1	R1(config)#ip dhcp pool R1LAN
		R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0
		R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.10.1

		R1(dhcp-config)#dns-server 192.168.20.254
		R1(dhcp-config)#domain-name span.com
		查看目前 IP 分配狀況
		R1#show ip dhcp binding
		R1#show ip dhcp server statistics
		利用數字方式啓動 Standard ACL
		R1(config)#access-list 10 deny 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255(wildcard)
		R1(config)#interface fa0/1
		R1(config-if)#ip access-group 10 out/in
		利用命名方式啓動 Standard ACL
		R3(config)#ip access-list standard NO_ACCESS(naming)
		R3(config-std-nacl)#deny host 192.168.30.128
		R3(config)#interface fa0/0
		R3(config-if)#ip access-group NO_ACCESS in/out
		利用數字方式啓動 Extended ACL
		R1(config)#access-list 110 deny tcp 192.168.10.0 0.0.0255 any eq telnet
		R1(config)#access-list 110 permit ip any any
		R1(config)#interface fa0/0
		R1(config-if)#ip access-group 110 in
		利用命名方式啓動 Extended ACL
		R2(config)#ip access-list extended FIREWALL
		R2(config-ext-nacl)#permit tcp any host 192.168.20.254 eq www
		R2(config-ext-nacl)#permit tcp any any established (任何 tcp 的連線)
WAN		R2(config-ext-nacl)#permit icmp any any echo-reply(任何 ping)
	ACL	R2(config-if)#ip access-group FIREWALL in
		加入註解
		R1(config)#access-list 110 Remark permit ip any any
		Or
		R2(config)#ip access-list extended FIREWALL
		R2(config-ext-nacl)#Remark permit tcp any host 192.168.20.254 eq www
		Support Establish Traffic
		R1(config)#access-list 101 permit tcp any any established
		R1(config)#access-list 101 permit icmp any any echo-reply
		R1(config)#access-list 101 permit icmp any any unreachable
		ACL Time-Range
		R2(config)#time-range xxxx
		R2(config- time-range)#periodic Monday Friday 8:00 to 17:00
		R1(config)#access-list 110 permit ip any any time-range xxxx
		Reflexive Access-Lists(You MUST use named access lists)
		interface Serial0/0/0
		description Internet connection
		ip access-group INBOUND in
		ip access-group OUTBOUND out

	ip access-list extended OUTBOUND
	permit tcp host 122.22.22.1 any reflect PROXYTCP
	permit udp host 122.22.22.1 any eq domain reflect PROXYUDP
	ip access-list extended INBOUND
	evaluate PROXYTCP
	evaluate PROXYUDP
	!查看 ACL 內容
	#show access-lists
	EnableHDLC Encapsulation
HDCL	(config)#interface serial 0/0
	(config-if)# encapsulation hdlc
	Enable ppp Encapsulation
	(config)#interface serial 0/0
	(config-if)# encapsulation ppp
	(config-if)# compress (啓動軟體壓縮 會影響效能)
	(config-if)# ppp quality 80(LQM 監控傳輸效能 低於 80%就關閉連線
	(config-if)# ppp multilink(啓動多個連線傳輸)
	設定 PAP(R1 and R2, R2 也一樣設定)
	R1(config)#username R2 password cisco123
PPP	R1(config)#interface s0/0/0
	R1(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
	R1(config-if)#ppp authentication pap
	R1(config-if)#ppp pap sent-username R1 password cisco123
	設定 CHAP (R3 and R2, R2 也一樣設定)
	R3(config)#username R2 password cisco123
	R3(config)#interface s0/0/1
	R3(config-if)#encapsulation ppp
	R3(config-if)#ppp authentication chap
	Enable Frame-Relay Encapsulation(R1-R2)
	R1(config)#interface serial0/0/0
	R1(config-if)#encapsulation frame-relay
	R1(config-if)#frame-relay map ip 10.10.10.2(R2) 102(DLCI) broadcast
	R1(config-if)#frame-relay lmi-type ansi
Frame-relay	查看 frame-relay ip mapping
-	#show frame-relay map
	#show frame-relay lmi
	#show frame-relay pvc
	• •
	另一種 Frame-relay 封裝 IETF